

ISA OFFICERS

NBIS OFFICERS

PRESIDENT

LORRAINE DRAGON

PRESIDENT

KENNETH TRIESCH

VICE PRES.

IMRE EIFERT

1st VICE PRES.

RAY DRAGON

SECRETARY

DAVID KRAEMER

2ND VICE PRES. LILLIAN LUDWIG

TREASURER

PAULINE GUERRERO

SECRETARY

BOBBIE ALLEN

TREASURER

WARNER HEESCHE

经保证证据证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证证

씂팑퍉팑팑퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞퍞 MEETINGS

IRIS SOCIETY OF AUSTIN WILL MEET AT THE AUSTIN AREA GARDEN CENTER (ZILKER PARK) AT 7:30pm ON JANUARY 10, 1989. සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහසනය සහස

THE NEW BRAUNFELS IRIS SOCIETY WILL MEET AT THE FIRST FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN OFFICE IN NEW BRAUNFELS AT 7:30 pm ON JANUARY 17,1989.

DON'T FORGET TO MARK YOUR CALENDAR SO YOU WILL NOT MISS THE NEXT IRIS MIEIETTIING .

IRIS SHOWS

Plans are underway for the ISA and NBIS Shows. My thanks goes to Jim Landers (ISA member from Temple), I received word that Jim has already drawn up a "good" draft of the show schedule. I have been asked and have consented to be show chairperson for NBIS. I have been working on the schedule and will have it ready to mail to AIS for their approval in January.

EVERY PERSON IN AN ORGANIZATION IS KEY TO ITS WORKING EFFICIENTLY. Am I Really Needed ?

XvXn though my typxwritxr is an old modxl , it works wxll xxcxpt for onx of thx kxys . I'vx wishxd many timxs that it workxd pxrfxctly . Trux thxrx arx 42 kxys that function , but onx kxy not working makxs thx diffxrxncx .

Somxtimxs , it sxxms to mx that our organization is somxwhat likx my typxwritxr – not all thx pxoplx arx working propxrly . You might say , "Wxll , I'm only onx pxrson . It won't makx much diffxrxncx ." But you sxx , an organization , to bx xfficixnt , nxxds thx activx participation of xvxry pxrson . Thx nxxt timx you think your xfforts arxn't nxxdxd , rxmxmbxr my typxwritxr , and say to yoursxlf . "I am a kxy pxrson and thxy nxxd mx vxry much ."

This little essay was printed in my favorite newspaper (Austin American-Statesman)

Dec 11,1988 Ann Landers column. Ann wrote in intro – stating that this essay drives home the point, in a forceful manner, that each of us is an important part of a bigger picture. She also suggests that one should keep this handy and reread it when you get to feeling insignificant. You do count. And if you doubt it, read this a second time.

I would like to add my thoughts to this - I feel that we have some very good workers in both Societies and this is not to be taken as a "dig" towards anyone. But I felt this little gem was too good not to share with those of you who may not have read it. This bit of philosophy could be applied to just about every life situation: home, work, love, friendship and etc.

TELL ME, JUST WHAT DO I DO NOW ?

That seems to be the most asked question by new gardeners and or gardeners new to growing Irises. In this case Tall bearded irises. I will try to pass on some hints - things that have worked for me as well as some that seem to be working for other iris growers.

Winter watering is critical if moisture has been low during the season. I do try to water about every 2 weeks or so -<u>if there has not been any rain</u>. Of course I water my rebloomers more often than I do the oncers. I have been rewarded with fall bloom from most of my rebloomers. Some are still sending up bloom stalks.

If you have not been "cleaning up" your beds as the need arises (I try to - but they do seem to get ahead of me) now is the time to make a special effort to get your iris heds cleaned of dead iris leaves and any other debris that may have collected around those rhizomes - you do not want a haven for insect eggs, disease, etc.

If your irises do not start to green-up (send up new growth) by the end of January, you just might have irises suffering from Botrytis or perhaps better known as "winter rot", this not does not have an odor - but the tell-tell signs are a sooty looking mold on the surface of the top of the rhizome. I have seen it on my irises and since I try to use poisons as little as possible - I usually dig and discard the affected rhizomes(s), unless it happens to be an expensive rhizome. Then I will dig it and soak it in a bleach solution (approx. 8 parts water to one part bleach). I use a soft vegetable brush to remove the sooty layer - let it dry and then re-plant the rhizome(s) in another location or pot the rhizome(s).

In mid- February you may want to start a fertilizer program .DO NOT use a fertilizer with a high nitrogen count . I scatter a little Superphosphate around my iris rhizomes (I have too many to work it around each rhizome or clump). This I water in . Since this is a slow release fertilizer , about a month later. I use a very weak solution of Rapid-gro as a foliar feed . If I see signs of aphids , I may add Malathian to the Rapid-gro mixture to control the aphids . If I do not see any - then I forget the poison and just cross my fingers and hope the little boogers find something better to their liking . The very best defense against pests and diseases is to grow strong , healthy plants in a clean bed . An iris (and any other plant for that matter) is like a human being in that respect - if it is weak and poorly nourished , it is almost certain to become the victim of disease .

Whatever method you use , remember that irises will do well with neglect , but will respond much better with some TLC on your part . Come bloom time you will be proud of the reward that you receive .